

**Indian Statistical Institute, Bangalore**

B. Math ( Hons.) Third Year

Second Semester - Analysis IV

Back Paper Exam

Maximum marks: 100

Date: 09th June 2022

Duration: 3 hours

**Section I: Each question carries 10 marks**

1. Let  $X$  be a compact metric space. If  $\mathcal{A}$  is a self-adjoint subalgebra of  $C(X)$  that separates points of  $X$  and nowhere vanishes, then prove that  $\mathcal{A}$  is dense in  $C(X)$ .
2. State and prove Arzela-Ascoli Theorem.
3. Show that the set of all polynomials of degree at most 3 with coefficients from  $[-1, 1]$  is compact in  $C[0, 1]$ .
4. Let  $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$  be a continuously differentiable function such that  $f'(x)$  is invertible for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . Prove that  $f$  is an open map.
5. Prove (the three identities in) Parseval's Theorem.
6. Suppose  $f$  is  $2\pi$ -periodic differentiable function with  $f' \in \mathcal{R}[-\pi, \pi]$ . Prove that  $s_n(f) \rightarrow f$ .
7. Prove that  $(\pi - |x|)^2 = \pi^2/3 - 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos nx}{n^2}$  for all  $x \in [-\pi, \pi]$ .
8. Prove  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin nt}{n} = \frac{\pi-t}{2}$  for  $t \in (0, \pi)$ .
9. Prove that  $x^2 = 4/3\pi^2 + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [\frac{\cos nx}{n} - \pi \frac{\sin nx}{n}]$  for  $0 < x < 2\pi$ .
10. Find total variation of  $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + x + 2$  and  $g(x) = x^3 - 4x + 5$  on  $[0, 1]$ .